the purpose of discipleship



What discipleship & biblical counseling is _____

- 1. It is not an autonomous ministry.
- 2. It is not an activity reserved for the experts.
- 3. It is not an optional ministry. (Acts 20:31; Rom 15:14; Col 1:28)
- 4. It is not an activity that is insensitive or uncaring.
- 5. It is not a canned methodology, but is a life-on-life activity.
- 6. It is not merely giving biblical principles to apply, but is focused on a person to follow.

What discipleship & biblical counseling

- 1. It entwines every ministry of the church.
- 2. It discerns desires, thinking, and behavior that God wants to change.
- 3. It uses God's Word, by the Holy Spirit, to change desires, thinking, and behavior.
- 4. It seeks the sanctification of the Christian (into Christ-likeness) for the glory of God.
 - We are to warn and instruct one another. (Rom 15:14; Col 1:28, 3:16)
 - We are to mend and restore one another. (Gal 6:1; Heb 13:21)
 - We are to carry and bear one another's burdens. (Gal 6:2)

We all ______biblical counseling

- 1. The need began when God created man.
 - He needed God's counsel in order to know what to do and not to do. (Gen 1:28-30; 2:16-17, 19)
 - Man was made to be dependent on God's counsel. (Matt 4:4)
- 2. The need continued when wrong choices were made in the Garden of Eden. (Gen 3)
 - Man was created in the image of God. (Gen1:26)
 - God clearly communicated the only limitations on man's behavior and the penalty for disobedience. (Gen 2:16-17)

- Satan sought to overthrow God's counsel by:
 - → Creating doubt about God's Word (Gen 3:1)
 - → Denying God's Word (Gen 3:4)
 - → Denouncing God's character (Gen 3:5)
- Eve listened to ungodly counsel and was deceived to sin. (Gen 3:1; 2 Cor 11:3)
- Adam ate the forbidden fruit knowingly. (Gen 3:6; 1 Tim 2:14)
- Their sin was more than merely eating forbidden fruit. It was:
 - \rightarrow Disobeying the revealed Word of God.
 - → Believing the lie of Satan.
 - → Placing their desires above God's command.
- Sin brings consequences:
 - → Knowledge of good and evil (Gen 3:7a, 10-11, 22)
 - → Guilt & shame (Gen 3:7b, 8, 10-11)
 - → Broken fellowship with God (Gen 3:8-13a)
 - \rightarrow Fear (Gen 3:10)
 - → Pain in childbirth (Gen 3:16a)
 - → Distorted marital relationships (Gen 3:16b)
 - → Exhausting labor in order to make a living (Gen 3:17-19)
 - → Physical death (Gen 3:19, 22-24)
 - → Spiritual death, eternal separation from God (Rom 5:12, 6:23)
- 3. The cumulative result (2 Tim 3):
 - Rampant iniquity (vv. 2-4)
 - Rampant hypocrisy (vv. 5-7)
 - Rampant apostasy (vv. 8-9)
 - Rampant persecution (vv. 12-13)

- 4. The Apostle Paul had an answer to these problems. (2 Tim 3:15-4:2)
 - God gave us His inspired and inerrant Word.
 - God's Word is profitable. It answers four key questions:
 - → How should I think and act?
 - → How do I know when I am wrong?
 - → How do I change?
 - → How do I keep from repeating the same mistakes over and over again?
 - Change is God's and the church's business! His method is justification and progressive sanctification.
 - The Word adequately equips us to help people who are reaping the pain of sin!

The ______ of discipleship & biblical counseling

- 1. True biblical counseling will have the clearly defined and communicated goal of helping a person become God's kind of a person. (Col 1:28)
- 2. The circumstances of a person's life will be used as a springboard to teach them how to think and act in a way that would please the Lord Jesus Christ. (2 Cor 5:9; Gal 1:10)
- 3. Becoming God's kind of person is an on-going process of putting off wrong thinking and behavior and replacing them with biblical thinking and acting.
- 4. This will happen as the individual's mind is renewed by salvation and progressive sanctification. (Rom 12:1-2; Eph 4:22-24; Col 3:1-17)
- 5. Solving the problems that motivate people to seek help will be secondary to the goal of helping them to please Christ, whether their circumstances change or not. (Rom 8:28-29)

of a discipler & biblical counselor

- 1. A discipler & biblical counselor should be:
 - A spiritual person (Gal 6:1)
 - → Indwelt by the Holy Spirit (Rom 8:9)
 - \rightarrow Obedient to the Spirit (Eph 5:18; Gal 5:22-23)
 - → Concerned about sin's impact on himself and on other people (Gal 6:7-8)

- A gentle person when seeking to restore someone to usefulness in the body of Christ (Gal 6:1; cf. Matt 11:29, Gal 5:23, Eph 4:1–3, 1 Thess 2:7, 1 Tim 6:11, 2 Tim 2:25, Titus 3:2, Heb 5:1–2, James 3:17, 1 Pet 3:4, 15)
- A humble person who is aware of his own struggles (Gal 6:1)
- A responsible person who carries her own burdens in life (Gal 6:4-5)
- A caring person who is willing to help others carry a load that is too heavy for them to carry alone (Gal 6:2)
- 2. A discipler & biblical counselor should be committed to:
 - The inerrancy of Scripture (2 Pet 1:20-21; 2 Tim 3:16-17)
 - The gospel of Jesus Christ (Matt 11:28-29; 1 Cor 15:3-4)
 - The sufficiency of Christ and Scripture (2 Pet 1:3; 2 Tim 3:16-17)
 - Biblical change (1 Cor 6:9-11; Eph 4:22-24; Ps 51;10)
 - The obedience of Scripture (1 John 2:6; Luke 9:23-24; Matt 7:24-27)
 - The church (Matt 16:18; 18:15-17; Act 20:28; 1 Tim 3:15)
 - Love (1 Cor 13:1-7, 13; Col 3:14; 1 Thess 1:3)
- 3. A biblical counselor should be committed to being like Robert Murray McCheyne, who was known as one who had *faithfulness to the Word and tenderness for the souls of men*.